

TARIFF BILLS ARE CERTAIN TO BE PASSED

Revision Along Severe Lines the Present Outlook, With Democratic Defeat Two Years Hence.

SPECIAL SESSION MAY BE CUT SHORT
Senate Republicans Will Fight Free Sugar, but Otherwise Their Opposition to Revision Will Be Formal.

By International News Service.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Scores of big manufacturers have been telegraphing the Republican members of the senate finance committee asking what hope there is of blocking the Democratic tariff bills when they come up for discussion in the senate.

Many of the manufacturers are apparently laboring under the impression that because of the narrow margin by which the Democratic majority will control the upper branch of congress and because of the protective tendencies of a number of Democratic senators, it may be possible to defeat some of the Democratic bills. The Republican members of the finance committee are taking pains to undeceive the manufacturers who are appealing to them, the replies which are going out being in substance as follows:

Bills Will Be Passed.

The manufacturers of the country may as well prepare for the inevitable. All the Democratic tariff bills will be passed by the senate just as they stand. There will not even be the amendments that were made in the senate at the last session.

The control of the Democrats will be sufficient to put all the tariff revision plan through. Tariff revision will be along severe lines, but, say the senate Republicans, the controlling feature is that the Democrats are going to bring about their own destruction. Two years from now, predict the Republican responses to the manufacturers, the Democratic party will be defeated in the congressional elections because of its tariff record and the same condemnation will overtake the Democrats in the senate in bringing about the present situation.

Sugar Possible Exception.

The Republican members of the finance committee say that the only Democratic measure that may fall in the senate is that to put sugar on the free list. Enough southern senators, it is claimed, will vote against this provision to insure its defeat.

To balance Democratic defections it is expected that Senators Poinsett and Dixon will vote with the Democrats on many of the tariff bills, but on the other hand, Senators Cummins, La Follette, Borah, Clapp and others who worked with the Democrats at the last session will line up with the Republicans. Most of the high tariff Republicans in the senate state that they will content themselves with going formally on record against each Democratic bill, giving their reasons for the benefit of their constituents.

Republican View.

As one senator put it, "there will be no factious opposition to the Democrats."

"The Democrats are in control of congress and the White House," he added, "and are entitled to have their way. They will have a clear course and the more speedily ride to their fall."

A leading Republican member of the finance committee said today: "Any hope that the manufacturers may have that the senate will act as a cooling saucer for the tariff bills that will come from the house may as well be dispelled right away. The Democrats will not have to make concessions, even to the manufacturers, to get their bills through. The country may as well get ready for the enactment of the Democratic bills and their signature by the president. There will be no different story to tell at the congressional elections two years from now and at the presidential election in 1916. Any party that tampers with the tariff is playing with fire, but the Democratic party is about to make its defeat absolutely certain."

PIQUED WOMAN TRIES TO TAKE OWN LIFE

(Continued from Page One.)

and the patient was soon pronounced out of danger.

Professor F. A. Sullivan, who is said to be Mrs. Brandon's father, was notified at his home at the Kenyon hotel last night of the serious illness of Mrs. Brandon. He said that he would call at her home in the morning. Mr. Sullivan is a well-known lecturer on anatomy, who delivers lectures to undertakers and sells undertakers' supplies. He scented the idea last night that the young woman had actually attempted to take her own life. According to Mrs. F. A. Sullivan, second wife of Mr. Sullivan, the young woman has been dependent because of her failing health and the real or fancied neglect of Mr. Sullivan. Mrs. Brandon was last night that Mrs. Brandon was the daughter of Mr. Sullivan by his first marriage. This Mrs. Brandon said last night that her husband, Clarence Brandon, was ill in Missouri, Mont.

Six-Power Loan Approved.

PERKIN, China, Dec. 27.—Approval was given to the terms of the "six-power" loan during the session of the Chinese national assembly today. As a quorum of the members was not present, the matter will have to be brought up again at another session, but it may receive the approval of the full assembly.

Utterly Wretched

Nervous Prostration Long Endured Before Remedy Was Found.
Miss Minerva Remington, Upper Bern, Pa., writes: "For several years I had nervous prostration, and was utterly wretched. I lived on bread and beef because my stomach would not retain anything else. I took many remedies, but obtained no relief until I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. When I began to gain at once. Am now cured. Pure, rich blood makes good, strong nerves, and this is why Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and enriches the blood, cures so many nervous diseases. Get it today in usual liquid form or in colored tablets called Sarsatabs."

BERT DALTON CAUGHT AT BIG PINEY, WYO.

Desperado Discovered in Tent and Is Captured After All-Night Chase in Snow.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Dec. 27.—Bert Dalton, bank robber, one-time leader of the Whittney gang that held western Wyoming in terror a year ago and who engineered a sensational jail break of nineteen convicts from the Rawlins penitentiary, was captured today at Big Piney, Wyo., after a barefooted and clad only in his underclothes, he was pursued through deep snow all last night. Of the convicts who escaped from Rawlins penitentiary on October 15 last only one now remains at liberty. The others have been either killed or captured.

Dalton was discovered encamping in a little tent in the timber at Big Piney by Sheriff Ward of Uinta county last night, but before the sheriff could close in on him the convict fled.

All night the convict fled with the sheriff close behind, guided only by the sound of the fugitive breaking through the forest undergrowth.

About 9 o'clock, exhausted, cold and hungry, Dalton gave himself up, ending the second break for liberty he had made in a year.

Dalton was convicted of manslaughter for the killing of Peter Hansen, marshal of Cokeville, a year ago and sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary. While on parole he was arrested in the Evanston he planned a jail delivery and escaped. He was recaptured and sent to Rawlins where the second jail delivery of his planning occurred last October.

BROKAW'S EXCHANGE VOLLEY OF CHARGES

By International News Service.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—Mrs. William Gould Brokaw, who has been separated from her husband, the millionaire yachtsman, since February, 1910, instituted divorce proceedings in the Brooklyn supreme court today, naming four co-respondents.

Mr. Brokaw filed an answer denying all the charges against him and accusing his wife of misconduct with three men, whom he designated as "the Baron Alexander Von Hockwacher," "Maurice Gross," and "a certain man whose identity is unknown to me."

Mrs. Brokaw names Jeanette Clark, Estelle Perry, Mabel Weeks and Suzanne Setty. The first two, named according to the plaintiff, enlisted things on Mr. Brokaw's yacht, the Sybarite, while the other two, Mabel Weeks and Suzanne Setty, were the young millionaires and Mabel Weeks was his companion at the Hotel Carlton in Stamford, Conn. The alleged offenses occurred in 1905.

Brokaw names Camp Harding, Colo., his own home at Westbury, L. I., and a hotel at Luxerne, Switzerland, as the scenes of his wife's alleged improper conduct.

In Mrs. Brokaw's suit it was intimated that the underlying cause of her action was her resentment against her husband's keeping her under the espionage of private detectives.

GAYNOR BELITTLES FATHER OF COUNTRY

By International News Service.

NEW YORK, Dec. 27.—George Washington was a man of good sound judgment, but had no extraordinary ability. That is the opinion of the mayor of New York today, who is the subject of a new book on Washington and Lincoln at the request of the author.

Washington, he said, "We think of him as a good man who told the truth, who was never angry, and suffered ever patiently, and was of great justice and accuracy of judgment, but not of genius or extraordinary ability. This is as true in the main, but as a matter of fact, he was of warm blood and prone to passion. He is even known to have sworn like a trooper at times. And his face was ported and he had bad teeth and other physical imperfections."

The mayor said the emancipation proclamation had almost to be extorted from Lincoln and that he was slow to see that that act would consolidate and energize those carrying the war. He said the Union generals ridiculed his military ability and resented his interference.

"But," said the mayor, "he had more philosophy than his advisers and generals and critics put together, and there was his greatness."

The mayor said that several victories had been won when the declaration had been signed and the document only recognized existing conditions. Of the constitution he said:

"I do not recall anything in it or any principle that the framers did not have at their hands in the state constitutions and bills of rights."

IOWA FARMER CHARGED WITH MANY MURDERS
VILLISCA, Ia., Dec. 27.—Law Van Alstine, a Taylor county farmer, was arrested today by City Marshal Horton on a warrant charging him with the murder of the Moore family and the killing of a girl on the night of June 2. The prisoner is in the city jail and will be given a hearing tomorrow.

Moore and Van Alstine are said to have had an altercation about a year ago. Mrs. Van Alstine said when her husband was arrested that she would never be at home on the night of the murders.

ONE GOOD JOB BRINGS TWO.
That is why the Century continues to grow. Century Printing Co., 55-57 West office place. (Advertisement.)

PROGRESS AND HARMONY KEYNOTES AT BANQUET

(Continued from Page One.)

lished until today it had a costly home of its own and a membership that comprised the business interests of the city and state.

Music a Feature.

As the menu was served, an augmented orchestra under the direction of L. P. Christensen rendered an excellent program of popular and classical selections; numerous parades were going by in the city of those present, led by H. Ensign, Fred C. Graham, J. Willard Soules and Thomas Ashworth, and the march of the "stunts" was in the form of a protest by Charles Tving against the speeches on the program being delivered. He declared it was the same "old stuff" that characterized annual club banquets, and that the time for a change had come.

One of the "stunts" was in the form of a protest by Charles Tving against the speeches on the program being delivered. He declared it was the same "old stuff" that characterized annual club banquets, and that the time for a change had come. F. C. Graham, J. Willard Soules and Thomas Ashworth, and the march of the "stunts" was in the form of a protest by Charles Tving against the speeches on the program being delivered. He declared it was the same "old stuff" that characterized annual club banquets, and that the time for a change had come.

See "President-Elect."

Perhaps the best "stunt" of the evening was the arrival of President-elect Woodrow Wilson, impersonated by H. E. Holland. Toastmaster Wells announced that Governor Wilson was en route, en route to California and had arrived at the banquet. Although his physicians declared it was at the risk of death. At the request of the audience, the president-elect was brought to the banquet to greet the president-elect of the United States.

So striking is Mr. Holland's resemblance to Governor Wilson and so ably did he carry out the impersonation that many of those present were momentarily nonplussed and it was some time before some caught the truth of the "stunt."

The "President-Elect" was accompanied by President Armstrong, former President of the United States, impersonated by H. E. Holland. Toastmaster Wells announced that Governor Wilson was en route, en route to California and had arrived at the banquet. Although his physicians declared it was at the risk of death. At the request of the audience, the president-elect was brought to the banquet to greet the president-elect of the United States.

Joke Is on King.

Another of the surprises was when Joshua Davis, disguised as a Chinese laundryman, demanded to know where Wesley King was. Finally locating Mr. King, the Chinese threw down a bundle of laundry and declared that he would not leave the bundle at Mr. King's home until he was paid for it. An embarrassing situation followed. The two waxed warm in their arguments, in which Eugene Owen joined in Chinese lingo, and finally the contents of the laundry bundle were scattered in a scuffle about the table near Mr. King. Suddenly the doors swung wide open and a platoon of police, headed by Inspector Carlson and Sergeant Emil Johnson, surrounded the wild-eyed Chinese and ejected him from the place. King was placed under arrest, but was released on cash bond.

Still another feature was the entrance of Jacob Johnson, impersonated by Parley P. Jensen, followed by Harry Wells, who impersonated the governor. Wells declared he wanted to break in on the proceedings of the evening or to make a speech, but he desired to extend to each and every one the compliments of the season and wished all a happy, hearty New Year.

Wells then turned to the governor's health was drunk. W. Montague Perry was the next speaker and his subject, "Senatorial Speeches." He said in part:

Mirth Holds Sway.

The "stunts" were carried off without a hitch and precipitated riotous laughter upon each occasion, keeping the high spirit of the gathering well up. The first speaker was Frederick Steigmeier, whose toast was "The High Spirit of the Evening." He recalled the first time he had been to the banquet, and drew a comparison of the times, showing the growth and accomplishments of the club.

Mr. Steigmeier's address was brief, and dealt with the possibility of standardizing the irrigation securities of the country. He said that Utah was one of the first states to take up irrigation and apply it successfully, and that the Commercial club should teach the holder of water rights that he is but an agent in the service of the land—that the water belongs to the people—and that upon its economical, beneficial use and standardization depends the welfare of the people. He declared that those present should lend their aid to the Commercial club's irrigation committee to secure the best use of the subject of water rights and irrigation, with a view of standardization.

Urges Civic Interest.

"The Business Man in Politics" was the subject of a toast to which Carl Badger responded. He dwelt at length on the subject of a public utilities commission, declaring such a commission was vitally needed in this state. He spoke of the commission form of government as a business man's endeavor to solve the great question of municipal government. He said that business men of the city, and especially the members of the Commercial club, to support the effort at home. In conclusion he said in part: "We will not have a government in the interests of all the people until all the people interest themselves in the government. The business man, the citizen, the initiative, reinforced by the conscience, the sense of justice, the love of the general welfare, which is so great a characteristic of the best type of modern business men, is needed in the working out of our political experiment in democratic government. Will not be questioned."

"The best brain of the day is devoted largely to business, but it ought not to be so absorbed that the important subject of the public, the general welfare, the duties of citizenship, are neglected."

Depicts City's Growth.

Will G. Farrell was then introduced and spoke eloquently on the subject, "Let Us Build a City Where We Live." He said a phrase that originated with the late Fisher Harris. Titled the vision of those present back to the days of that able man, the speaker told of the history that preceded the period of sudden growth and expansion. He related in striking language the conditions that prevailed for years in Salt Lake in earlier days and then spoke of the awakening, telling of business advancement, the building of great structures to supplant old walls and fill up vacant lots. He said in part:

"The cry went out that a new discovery had been made in the world. A new mine had been found and it had dropped her treasures all in a heap and Utah was the place where they fell. Utah people had found it out."

Perhaps we don't sell all the good coal, but all that we do sell is good coal.

WESTERN FUEL CO.

W. J. Wolstenholme, Managing Director.

Arthur McFarlane, Secretary.

AGENTS FOR KING, HIWATHA, BLACK HAWK.

Phones, Wasatch 715. Office, 73 S. Main.

Blue Wagons Bring Better Coal.

and told the world they were willing to share them all. And more people came to investigate and stayed to participate. A powerful transportation company saw its opportunity and bought in a lump the streak of rust and the transformed mule cars of the so-called street railway and transported it into the finest city system in the world. Two whole telephone systems changed ownership in a night. Water powers for the generating of more powers are bought up in a lump. The only deals that cause a comment are deals that call for millions. Men grow rich by forming concerns that develop our coal mines in groups. Copper mines are no longer sold in the round from which small dabs of ore are hauled in buckets, but ponderous engines that raise and reduce whole mountains at a time.

Day of Big Things.

Our streets are paved in miles, not blocks. Our homes go up in such perplexing numbers, and in such stupendous beauty, and our business blocks to such bewildering heights, that the language we are used to is inadequate to tell about it.

And here we are tonight in a city in the tops of the mountains with the advanced and enviable roles in the best location in the mountain west with respect to markets and sources of materials. Good transportation facilities that are being improved daily. A plentiful supply of labor that can be easily augmented.

Good living conditions for labor that must be infinitely bettered. Fairly low cost of fuel and power that come from the very doorway of nature and can therefore be immensely reduced in cost.

Good factory sites at reasonable cost that can and will be lowered. Reasonable taxes that can be more easily paid.

First-class banking facilities that grow and will still keep growing. Efficient means of transportation that is now upon the threshold of its promised effectiveness and competence.

And the visible things the basis of the building of the city which we will build here before we die?

Essentials Lie Deeper.

"The things that make a nation great are invisible."

Mines and fields, waterpowers and mills, granaries and grains, storehouses and stores do not make a nation great.

"Great men make a nation great, and the qualities that make great men invisible."

And even as we now have Denver looking to her laurels—losing to us her place as the headquarters for institutions which in her headquarters here even as we now have the Portland club catching the fire of our enthusiasm, so we will change the geography of the whole intermountain region, and by the sheer force of our power to serve we will build up here a city of the world, and we'll build it, too, before we die.

Governor Appears.

At the juncture, Governor William Spry, who had been unavoidably belated, arrived, and received an ovation that was given to him by the governor. Wells for speech. The governor declared he wanted to break in on the proceedings of the evening or to make a speech, but he desired to extend to each and every one the compliments of the season and wished all a happy, hearty New Year.

Wells then turned to the governor's health was drunk. W. Montague Perry was the next speaker and his subject, "Senatorial Speeches." He said in part:

The sensation of a senator, of every public servant, of every private citizen, should be deep and vibrating with earnestness when he considers his duties to his fellow men. In our mad rush for the material things of life we too seldom pause to consider the welfare of our native land. We all too seldom answer the insistent call for our time, our means and our service to be given for the general good.

We do not think enough upon the magnificent heritage of liberty bequeathed to us by our fathers. We forget the sacrifices of blood and treasure laid upon the altar of our nation by those who have gone before.

Holds Poise Vital.

We are too apt to pass lightly over these most important things—we even blush and avert our eyes. (God forgive us) when patriotism and our country's honor are the themes. Never perhaps has our native land more need than now for her children. The agitator and preacher of discontent is abroad. Anarchy is being made of the dissatisfied and the unthinking. It becomes the duty of every good citizen to examine with calm eyes and unclouded mind the course we are pursuing, to manfully and patriotically do his part in order that civic righteousness and national safety may prevail.

To you and to me, members of this great organization, this duty is especially plain. We stand for what is best in our city, our state and our nation.

Let us, therefore, as individuals

Rupture Is Curable

Results Not Influenced by Age or Time Standing, Says Expert.

"Rupture is not a tear or breach in the abdominal wall, as commonly supposed, but is the stretching or dilating of a natural opening, therefore subject to closure," said F. H. Seelye of Chicago, now at the Hotel Utah, who remains in Salt Lake this Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

"The Spermatic Shield Truss closes the opening in ten days on the average case, producing results without surgery or harmful injections," Mr. Seelye announced from the government hospital, Washington, D. C., for inspection. Any one interested will be shown the truss or fitted of desired. (Advertisement.)

APPROPRIATE

Groceries for New Year

Sugar, \$5.00 100 lbs.; 16 lbs. \$1.00
Cranberries, 2 lbs. 25c
Raisins, per pkg. 10c
Lemon, Citron and Orange Peel, 10c
Dates, 10c lb.; 3 lbs. 25c

T.H. NOTT

"THE CASH GROCER"

41-43 RICHARDS STREET

PHONE WASATCH 3538.

New Walnuts, per lb. 20c

Chickens, 2 lbs. 25c

Popcorn, 3 lbs. 25c

Home-made Cider, per gal. 50c

1 Quart Bottle Strawberry Jam, 45c

1 Quart Bottle Raspberry Jam, 45c

and as a club do those things which will reflect most credit upon ourselves and our community. The last speaker was Tullman D. Johnson of Ogden, whose subject was "The New United States." He declared that new era did not come in a moment, an hour, a day or a year. The new United States, he said, would not come or be born as a result of the rise or fall of any political party, although that fact might attend it, nor would the form of government necessarily be radically changed. It would rather come, he declared, through a change of spirit and standard of the people.

History to date, he said, offered innumerable incidents that indicate the old United States was passing away and the new taking its place. He spoke of the new income tax amendment, the election of United States senators by popular vote, the vigorous prosecution of the white slave law, the conservation policy of the government, new devices for state and county, and city governments, the recall, initiative and referendum, and a great many other subjects as being indicative of the new United States.

Sees Change Coming.

Mr. Johnson asserted that the people were becoming insistent that the machinery of government be placed more nearly in their own hands. The change would not be sudden, he said, but the new would live and bloom together for a while. He said that the first era of this country was that in which its people conquered a place to live in. The second was to fight for and win freedom. The third was the conquering of unexplored and undeveloped resources. The new era, he asserted, would be that of conserving and beautifying and inheriting all those things brought through former eras.

ESCAPE OF WITNESS PREVENTED BY JUDGE

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—A chance remark by Joseph Levy, the white secretary of Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, that he intended to leave the United States caused him to spend tonight in the county jail. Levy had been held in bonds of \$1000 to appear as a witness in the federal case against Johnson on a charge of violating the Mann act, but when United States Judge Carpenter heard that the pugilist's secretary intended to leave Chicago he raised the bond to \$2000. Levy was unable to give the new bond and consequently went to jail.

FEWER CATTLE, BUT PRICES ARE HIGHER

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Fewer cattle by 281,298 have been received at the Chicago stockyards this year than in 1911, according to figures given out tonight. Despite this fact, more money was paid for beef during 1912 than in 1911 by \$3,282,135. The total paid out this year was \$183,455,868.

Three reasons are given for the increased price of beef. The western states

Special Sale of Delicious "Sunkist" Orange

Not a seed in "Sunkist" Juicy, rich, healthy oranges—the finest selected tree-ripened fruit grown in the world.

"SUNKIST" oranges are the cleanest of all fruit. Never touched by bare hands—all "Sunkist" oranges and packers wear clean cotton gloves while at work.

Buy a box of "SUNKIST" oranges—much cheaper by the box or half-box than by the dozen.

"Sunkist" lemons are the finest, juiciest, most seedless—thin-skinned, too.

"Sunkist" Oranges and Lemons Bring Handsome Rogers Silverware

Send the trademarks cut from "Sunkist" orange and lemon wrappers to us. We offer as premiums, elegant Rogers' patented A-1 Standard silverware. 27 different, magnificent premiums in exclusive "Sunkist" design.

This handsome orange spoon sent to you for 12 "Sunkist" trademarks and 6 two-cent stamps. Trademarks "Red Ball" orange and lemon wrappers count as "Sunkist."

Buy "Sunkist" Oranges and Lemons at Your Dealer's. Send your name and full address for our complete free premium circular and Premium Club Plan. Address all orders for premium silverware and all communications to

California Fruit Growers Exchange 139 N. Clark Street, Chicago [152]

did not raise as many cattle as usual because of droughts, many farmers are turning their pastures into wheat fields and the demand for beef has increased. It was explained that the population in the United States has increased in the last twenty years, 20 per cent, while the year

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4,000,000 head of cattle were exported from the United States compared with 3,000,000 in 1912.

increase in cattle production is only 8 per cent. Beef exports fell off this year because of the big home demand. In 1911, 4